



## Microarray Analysis

The CBRC cluster computer runs a number of DNA microarray analysis applications including:

### GeneMesh:

GeneMesh is a web-based program designed to relate genes in a query set to descriptors making up the hierarchical structure of the U.S. National Library of Medicine's (NLM) controlled vocabulary thesaurus, Medical Subject Headings (MeSH). GeneMesh accomplishes this by referring to the GeneMesh Database, a unique database of genes associated with MeSH terms.

Other DNA microarray analysis tools developed at MUSC include the following:

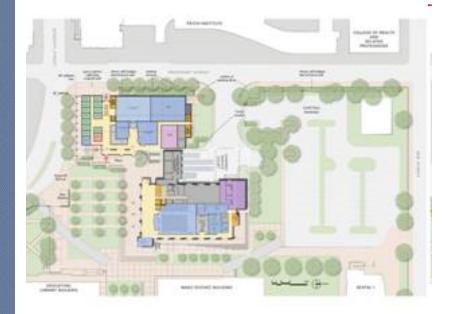
#### ArrayQuest:

ArrayQuest is a web-based program for the analysis of DNA microarray data. ArrayQuest is designed to apply various types of analysis scripts including those written in R to microarray data stored in the MUSC DNA Microarray Database, the Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) or data uploaded to the ArrayQuest center-point web server in a password-protected area. ArrayQuest has been described in an article published in the journal BMC Bioinformatics (Argraves et al., 2005)

#### **MUSC DNA Microarray Database:**

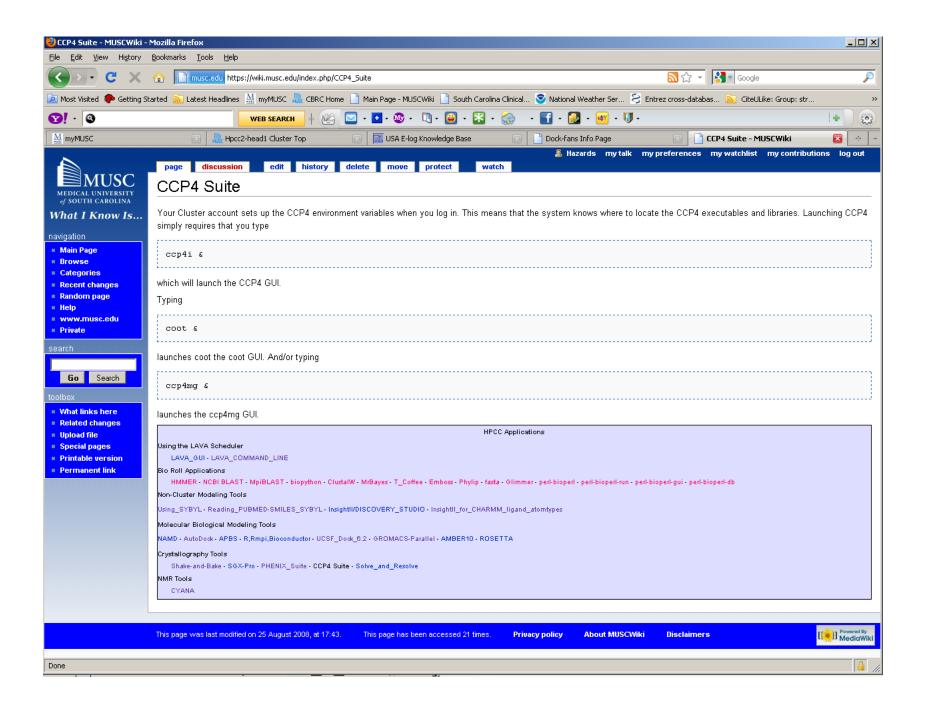
The MUSC DNA Microarray Database is a web-based relational database system for archiving DNA microarray hybridization data (raw and normalized) derived experimentation performed through the MUSC DNA Microarray Facility. The database was designed using microArrayDB and uses MySQL server to store microarray hybridization data and metadata such as project information (i.e., investigator contact information, experimental design), cRNA target information and process controlling information. The MUSC DNA Microarray Database has been described in an article published in the journal Bioinformatics (Argraves et al., 2003).

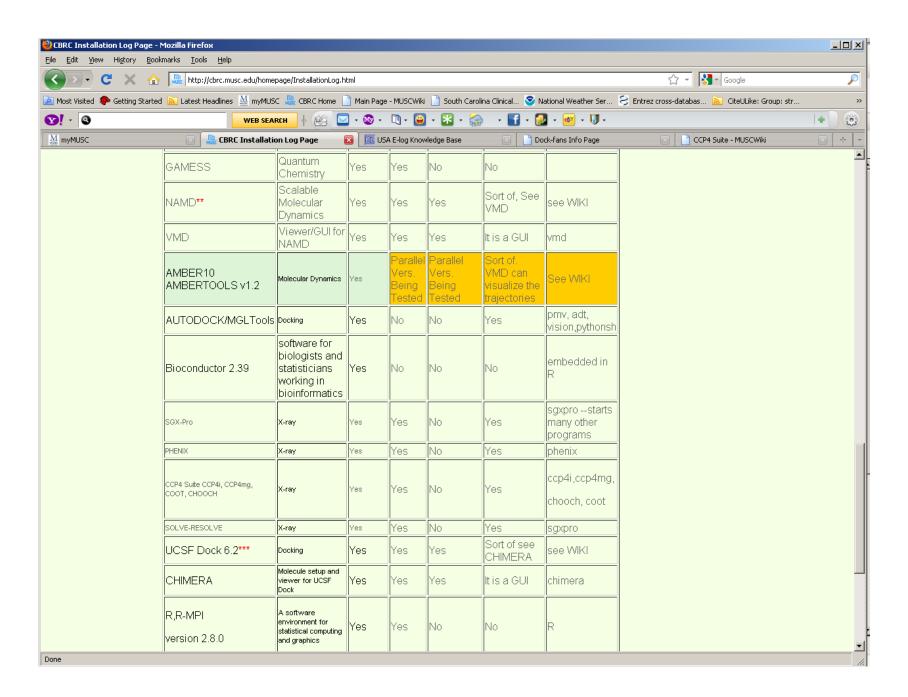


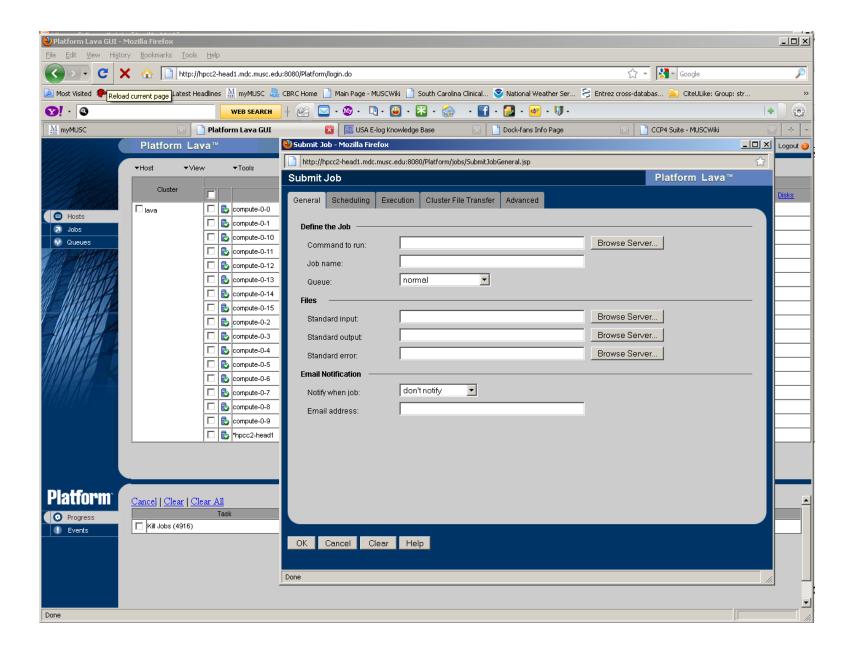


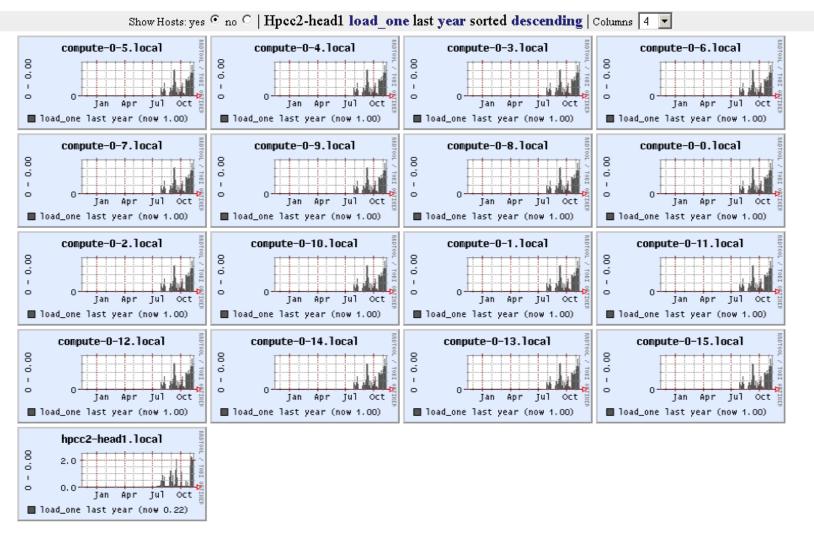
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(Nodes colored by 1-minute load) | Legend

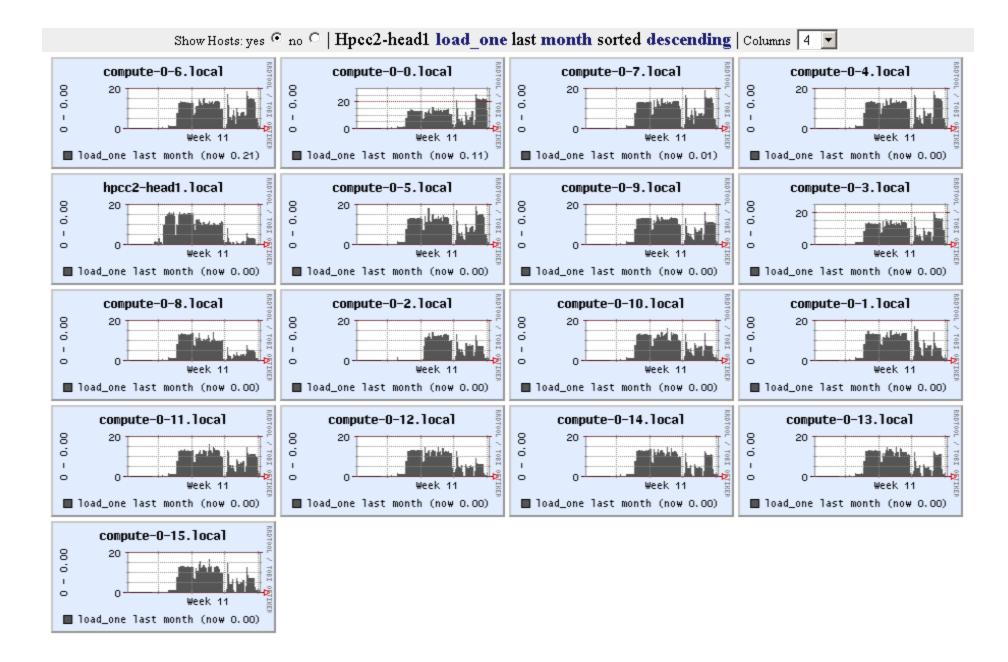
# November 2009 usage trend by month

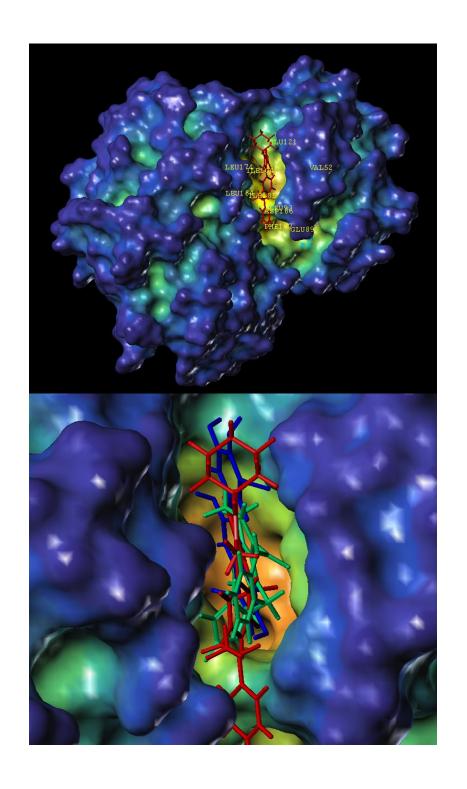


Tue Mar 16 16:39:45 EDT 2010

User	#jobs	Task description
1	8	bayesian evolution
2	75	cheminformatics
3	52	R bioinformatics
4	15	NMR analysis
5	1	User bioinformatics
6	46	User bioinformatics

Tue Mar 16 16:39:45 EDT 2010



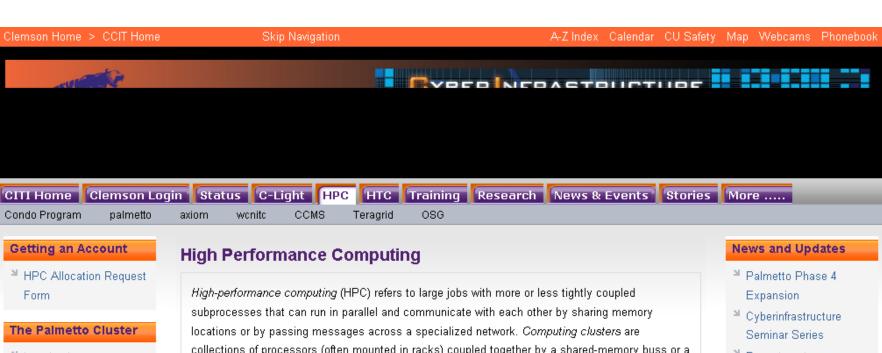


In silico docking for Drug Discovery Databases:

Several million compounds from 14 publically available/locally derived databases ZINC, NCI, Chembridge.

Software:

AUTODOCK UCSF DOCK 6.3 User issues
Project proposals
Storage Space
CPU use
Software
Site Design
In house growth
EPSCOR usage growth



- <sup>™</sup> Introduction.
- Conventions, plugins
- The palmetto. architecture
- Getting an account.
- Accessing the machine
- Finding software and documentation
- Compiling your code
- Compiling your parallel code
- Running your job.
- Debugging your code
- Using application software and libraries
- Using storage

collections of processors (often mounted in racks) coupled together by a shared-memory buss or a high-speed network.

Clemson is in the process of developing several cluster resources:

- · CCIT has pooled resources with several researchers on campus to purchase a large HPC cluster. This is known as palmetto or "The Condo Cluster." The guide shown in the menu to your left describes the cluster along with how to access and use it.
- · CCIT manages and/or houses independent clusters for several researchers on campus. In return, spare cycles on these machines are available for use by the Clemson community.
  - axiom is the Mathematical Sciences Department's IBM OpenPower cluster.
    - 48 compute nodes, 4 interactive nodes, and a head node, each with dual-core Power5 64-bit processors, 4GB of memory and 80GB of disk
    - 550GB of shared RAID10 disk
    - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5 Advanced Server, GNU and IBM XL compilers, torque and maui queue manager
    - Documentation
  - o wonito is an Electrical and Computer Engineering Intel cluster.
    - 70 compute nodes, each with 4 Intel x86 64, 12GB of memory.

- Recent posts
- CITI News Aggregator.
- July 27, 2009 Website update
- CCIT News Aggregator
- June 2 Conversion of the /lustre file system to PVFS.
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## Kraken XT5

Jan 28, 2009

NICS has taken delivery of a new Cray XT5. The new machine, which replaces the Cray XT4, will be called by the same name, 'Kraken'. The new Kraken XT5 will be available starting Monday February 2. Over the next two months, until March 30, both machines will be available to facilitate the transition from the XT4 to the XT5.

Do **NOT** run executables which had been compiled on the XT4 on the XT5. This may cause serious system problems, it should be possible to transfer the source and use the same make procedure.

Currently, to access Kraken XT4 using OTP authentication, SSH to kraken, for example:

ssh kraken.nics.tennessee.edu

To use password authentication, replace kraken with kraken-pwd. These names will continue to connect to Kraken XT4 until March 2, after which the names will connect to Kraken XT5.

During the transition period (February 2 – March 30), each system may also be reached unambiguously. To connect to the XT5, SSH to kraken-xt5, to connect to the XT4, SSH to kraken-xt4. To use password authentication, simply append –pw4 to the machine name. For example, the following connects to the new XT5 using password authentication.

ssh kraken-xt5-pwd.nics.tennessee.edu

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#### TERAGRID

### NICS User Support

9:00 am - 6:00 pm ET 1.865.241.1504



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- · Submit a Ticket via email
- TeraGrid Knowledge Base

NICS is a joint project of the University of Tennessee & Oak Ridge National Laboratory

Oak Ridge National Laboratory University of Tennessee Support Contact Us help@teragrid.org