

Fellows of the Cliometric Society

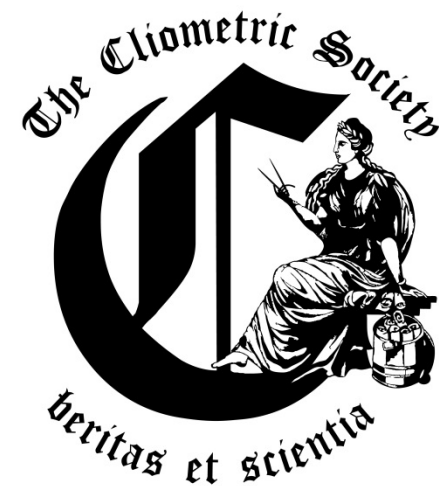
Jeremy Atack
Fred Bateman
Lance E. Davis
Barry Eichengreen
Stanley L. Engerman
Alexander Field
Price Fishback
Robert W. Fogel
Claudia Goldin
Philip Hoffman
John Komlos
Robert Margo
Deirdre McCloskey
Joel Mokyr
Larry D. Neal
Douglass C. North
Alan L. Olmstead
Hugh Rockoff
Richard Steckel
Richard Sylla
Peter Temin
Thomas Weiss
Jeffrey G. Williamson
Gavin Wright

The Cliometric Society

Induction of Fellows

May 17, 2014

Clemson, SC



The Cliometric Society and the Society of Fellows

Traditionally, Cliometricians have recognized one another with the annual achievement award, represented by the “Can.” Despite its pedestrian name, the award is a serious and sincere honor, bestowed upon an individual for significant contributions to the Cliometric Society. It was originally intended to recognize those contributions over the prior year, but has since evolved into an award recognizing lifetime service to the Cliometric Society, where service is broadly interpreted to include scholarship and mentorship as well as service in the traditional sense. The honor was created in 1985 and is awarded annually at the Cliometric Society conference.

In 2009 the Cliometric Society Board of Trustees established a formal process for recognizing the outstanding scholars in its midst with the creation of a Society of Fellows. The Society of Fellows is not meant to replace the annual awarding of the “Can,” but rather to augment it. While the “Can” is awarded for contributions to the Cliometric Society, the exact interpretation of those contributions is determined each year by the previous recipient. The Society of Fellows focuses specifically on lifetime research contributions. The Cliometric Society wishes to honor outstanding scholarship in the field of economic history through its election of Fellows of the Society. Fellows must have published contributions to economic history that are markedly original and have significantly advanced the frontiers of knowledge. To be eligible, a Fellow must be, or upon election become, a member of the Cliometric Society.

The 2013 class of Fellows being inducted tonight have a long and meritorious association with the Cliometric Society, and their academic and professional honors, awards, and accomplishments are numerous and impressive. They join an equally impressive group of previous inductees, bringing the total number of Fellows to date to 24.

It is with great pleasure that I present to you this year’s class of Fellows of the Cliometric Society.

Michael Hauptert
Executive Director, Cliometric Society

Richard Sylla

Richard Sylla is Henry Kaufman Professor of the History of Financial Institutions and Markets and Professor of Economics at the Stern School of Business, New York University. He is also a Research Associate of the National Bureau of Economic Research and a Fellow of the American Academy of Arts & Sciences. Prior to NYU he was Professor of Economics and Business at North Carolina State, a position he accepted after finishing his degree at Harvard, where he was a member of the famed Alexander Gerschenkron workshop. Among his contemporaries were Clio Fellows Deirdre McCloskey and Peter Temin. He has held visiting positions at the University of Pennsylvania, Harvard, and Oxford. Prior to beginning his doctoral studies, he spent a year studying at the Indian Statistical Institute in Calcutta as a Rotary scholar.

Professor Sylla is one of the foremost scholars of American financial history and a fan and renowned scholar of Alexander Hamilton, who he credits for inventing the textbook behavior for a central bank during a crisis. In 1970 the Economic History Association (EHA) awarded him the Cole Prize for best article in the *Journal of Economic History* for “Federal Policy, Banking Market Structure, and Capital Mobilization in the United States, 1863-1913.”

He has offered his service on numerous committees at the university and professional level. He was elected Vice President of the Southern Economic Association (1982). He served as President of the Economic History Association (2000-01) and the Business History Conference (2005-06). He edited the *Journal of Economic History* from 1978-84, and at various times has been a trustee for the EHA, the Business History Conference (BHC), the Cliometric Society, and the Museum of American Finance.

He was named Fellow at the Charles Warren Center for Studies in American History at Harvard in 2003-04, and was appointed a member of the Federal Reserve System’s Centennial Advisory Council in 2011. The BHC presented him their Lifetime Achievement Award in 2011. He has been awarded numerous research grants from the National Science Foundation, the Sloan Foundation, and the Kauffman Foundation. In 1994 his teaching prowess was recognized when he was presented with the Citibank Award for Excellence in Teaching at NYU.



John Komlos

John Komlos is Visiting Professor of Economics at Duke University, a position he has held since retiring as Professor of Economics and Chair of the Institute of Economic History at the University of Munich. He joined the faculty at the University of Munich in 1992. He is also a Research Associate at the National Bureau of Economic Research and a member of the Cesifo Research Network.



He holds University of Chicago Ph.D.s in both history and economics and an undergraduate degree in physics from the University of Illinois. He has held visiting positions at the University of St. Gallen, Duke, the Population Center at the University of North Carolina - Chapel Hill, and the University of Vienna. Prior to arriving in Munich he was an Associate Professor of History and Economics at the University of Pittsburgh from 1986-92.

He has long been a public advocate for the importance of economic history and its contributions to economics in both academia and the general public. He has been a frequent guest on national media in Germany, the U.S., France, Spain, the Netherlands, the UK, and Australia, including NPR, NBC Today, Good Morning America, and the Daily Show. He has been extensively quoted on economic history topics in popular press publications such as *The New Yorker*, the *New York Times*, *Suddeutsche Zeitung*, *Die Zeit*, and *Spiegel*.

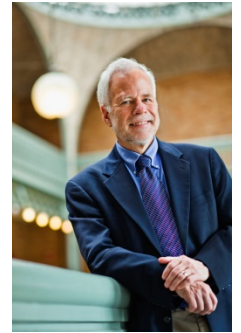
He has published more than 170 articles in English, French, Russian, Hungarian, and German on various topics, including health economics, the biological standard of living in historical perspective, demography, development, the industrial revolution, and agriculture.

He has received numerous research grants from the German National Science Foundation, the National Endowment for the Humanities, the European Union, the Marshall Fund, and the National Science Foundation, to name but a few.

He has generously donated his time, serving on the Nominating Committee and the Program Committee of the Social Science History Association, and the local arrangements committee for the Third World Congress of Cliometrics in Munich. He has been a member of the editorial board for *Annals of Human Biology*, the *European Review of Economic History*, the *Historical Social Research*, and the *Journal of European Economic History*, among others.

Barry Eichengreen

Barry Eichengreen is George C. and Helen N. Pardee Professor of Economics and Political Science at the University of California – Berkeley, a chair he has held since 1999. He is also a Research Fellow at the Centre for Economic Policy Research and a Research Associate at the National Bureau of Economic Research. He received M.A.s in economics and history and his Ph.D. in economics from Yale University. He arrived at Berkeley in 1986 after serving on the faculty at Harvard from 1980-86. He has also been a Senior Policy Advisor to the International Monetary Fund, and has held visiting positions at universities around the world.



He spent 1979-80 as a Fulbright-Hayes Scholar at Oxford, working under the tutelage of Nick Crafts. Along with Mark Thomas, Steve Broadberry, and Mary McKinnon, he worked in the Treasury and Foreign Office records related to the 1931 financial crisis and the 1932 general tariff.

He served as the President of the Economic History Association (EHA) from 2010-11, and at various times has been a member of the Board of Directors of the Social Science Research Council, the Economics Panel of the National Science Foundation, the Board of Trustees of both the EHA and the Cliometric Society, and a member of the editorial board of several academic journals.

In 2009 he was awarded the Schumpeter Prize, and in 2011 he was named one of the top 100 Global Thinkers by *Foreign Policy Magazine*. His honors also extend to the classroom. He received the Distinguished Teaching Award in Social Sciences at Berkeley in 2003, and the Hughes Prize for excellence in teaching from the EHA in 2002.

Professor Eichengreen's work has been translated into French, Mandarin, Portuguese, complex Chinese, German, Korean, Russian, Japanese, Italian, Greek, Bulgarian, Chinese simplified, Spanish, and Hungarian, exemplifying its global coverage and interest. His book *Exorbitant Privilege: The Rise and Fall of the Dollar and the Future of the International Monetary System* (Oxford University Press, 2011) received critical acclaim. It was selected as finance and economics book of the year by the China Business Network and made the top ten lists of *The Independent* and *The Globalist*.

Alexander Field

Alexander Field is Michel and Mary Orradre Professor of Economics at Santa Clara University. He obtained his A.B. in economics from Harvard, his M.S. from the London School of Economics and his Ph.D. from the University of California - Berkeley in 1974. His first position was at Stanford before moving to Santa Clara in 1982. He also held visiting positions at Berkeley and the Institute for Advanced Study at Princeton.



He is the author of four books and dozens of articles, ranging from his dissertation topic on educational reform and manufacturing in 19th century Massachusetts to industrialization and skill intensity, industrial growth, factor productivity studies, and macroeconomic models. His book *A Great Leap Forward: 1930s Depression and U.S. Economic Growth* won the Alice Hanson Jones Award from the Economic History Association (EHA), and an Alpha Sigma Nu National Book Award, both in 2012. In 2011 it was named a *Choice* Outstanding Academic Title in Economics.

He served as Academic Vice President at Santa Clara from 1986-87 and served on the university's Board of Trustees from 1988-91. He was Associate Dean of the Leavey School of Business and Administration from 1993-96 and Acting Dean during the 1996-97 academic year. He is currently chair of the Department of Economics. He served as Executive Director of the EHA from 2004-12, edited *Research in Economic History* from 1996-2010, and has served on the editorial boards of numerous journals, as well as the economics panel for the National Science Foundation (NSF).

He has taught courses in American and European Economic History, 20th century U.S. economic history, the evolution of modern business enterprise, the history of thought, and game theory and human behavior, among many others.

In addition to his book awards he has been named a Phi Beta Kappa Visiting Scholar for 2013-14, and won the Nevins Prize from the EHA for the best dissertation in American economic history in 1975. He has also been a Woodrow Wilson Fellow and an NSF Fellow, and has received grants from the NSF and the NASA-Ames Research Consortium, among others.

Philip Hoffman

Philip Hoffman is Rea A. and Lela G. Axline Professor of Business Economics and Professor of History at the California Institute of Technology, where he has been since 1980. He received his Ph.D. and M. Phil. in history from Yale and his MA in mathematics at the University of California - Berkeley. He did his undergraduate work in math at Harvard. He has held visiting positions at École des hautes études en sciences sociales, the Paris School of Economics, and Washington University, and was a George A. and Eliza Gardner Howard Foundation Fellow in 1984 and a Guggenheim Fellow in 2001.



He has been the recipient of grants from the Russell Sage Foundation, the National Science Foundation (NSF), the National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH), and the American Council of Learned Societies. He has also served as a referee for the Guggenheim Foundation, the NEH, and the NSF, among others.

He is currently the President of the Economic History Association (EHA), and recently completed a four year term as co-editor of the *Journal of Economic History*. He has served on numerous other editorial boards and committees, including the Board of Trustees of the Cliometric Society.

Professor Hoffman is the author of numerous papers and three award winning books. In 1984 he was awarded the John Gilmary Shea Prize of the American Catholic Historical Association for his book *Church and Community in the Diocese of Lyon, 1500-1789* (Yale University Press). In 1997 he won both the Allan Sharlin Prize of the Social Science History Association and the Economic History Association's Gyorgy Ranki Prize for *Growth in a Traditional Society* (Princeton University Press), and in 2001 he again was awarded the Ranki Prize, this time for *Priceless Markets: The Political Economy of Credit in Paris, 1660-1870* (University of Chicago Press).

In 1992 he received the Arthur H. Cole Prize from the EHA and the Nancy Lyman Roelker Prize from the Sixteenth Century Studies Conference for his article "Land Rents and Agricultural Productivity: The Paris Basin, 1450-1789," published in the *Journal of Economic History* in 1991.